



PROVA DI AMMISSIONE: LINGUA INGLESE

WRITE ALL ANSWERS ON THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED. DO NOT WRITE ON THIS SHEET.

Part 1: Choose the most appropriate option to complete the sentences below.

1. Did you have any trouble _____ this course?

- a) to attend b) attending c) for attending d) for attend

2. She _____ a few minutes _____.

- a) has left/ago b) left/before c) left/ ago d) had left/since

3. Last weekend I _____ Sue, _____ told me she was going on holiday soon.

- a) have met/ that b) have met/who c) met/ that d) met/who

4. We rented a _____ cottage in Devonshire for the summer holidays.

- a) cousin of mine's b) cousin of my c) cousin's of mine d) cousin's of my

5. In such difficulty _____ that we had no other choice but to surrender.

- a) we ourselves found b) did we find ourselves c) we found ourselves d) did we ourselves find

6. This time next Sunday my grandparents _____ their 50th anniversary in Paris.

- a) celebrate b) will be celebrating c) are celebrating d) are to celebrate

7. We _____ the same outfit. It was very embarrassing!

- a) wore b) were wearing c) had worn d) have been wearing

8. He doesn't remember _____ about the concert in the paper, but he _____ about it on the radio.

- a) having read/did hear b) to read/heard c) reading/hear d) to reading/heard

9. The Indigenous Peoples of North America are still fighting to obtain _____ equality .

- a) --- b) the c) a d) an

10. We are late for the game and the car has a flat tire. What do you _____?

- a) suggest us b) suggest we doing c) suggest we do d) suggest us do

11. I walked out of the room _____ to myself.

- a) smiling b) as I smiled c) and smiled d) having smiled

12. We _____ for Berlin tomorrow. Our flight _____ at 10 am.

- a) will leave/leaves b) are leaving/will leave c) are leaving/leaves d) leave/will leave

13. _____ you to require any further assistance, do not hesitate to contact us promptly.

- a) Should b) Unless c) If d) Were

14. I still _____ on the left.

- a) am not used to driving b) haven't got used to driving c) haven't got used to drive d) am not use to drive

15. We were not able to contact John. He told us that his mobile phone _____ out of action all day.

- a) was b) is c) has been d) had been

16. The immigration authorities couldn't prevent the refugees _____ the country.

- a) to enter b) from entering c) from to enter d) of entering

17. He went to soccer practice last night anyway, _____ the doctor had told him not to.

- a) in spite of b) whereas c) despite d) nevertheless

18. Look, just give me the keys. I don't want to quarrel with you _____ this any longer.

- a) over b) about c) on d) for

19. I'm looking forward to my wife _____.

- a) return b) returning c) to return d) to returning

20. The police say that if the bomb squad _____ on time, the explosion _____ hundreds.

- a) didn't arrive/ would have killed b) didn't arrive/ would kill
c) hadn't arrived/would killed d) hadn't arrived/would have killed

21. "Would you like _____ apples?" "Yes, I'd like _____"

- a) some/those ones b) ---/these c) some/ these green ones d) any/ green ones

22. Did he really think she _____ forgive him after he cheated on her with his secretary?

- a) might b) can c) would d) may

23. Mary _____ her temper, but today she _____ it!

- a) seldom loses/ has really had c) is seldom losing/ is really having
b) loses seldom/ really had d) seldom loses/ really had

24. "_____ last year?"

- a) Has the house been repainted b) Was the house repainted
c) Has the house repainted d) Was the house repaint

25. The tax bill will be the first item _____ in the next parliament.

- a) to debate b) to be debate c) to be debated d) debated

26. We had been assured that everything _____ as quickly as possible.

- a) would be dealt b) would have been dealt c) will be dealt with d) would have been dealt with

27. Why doesn't she know about the meeting? She _____ weeks ago.

- a) should have been told b) should be told c) might have been told d) ought have been told

28. Would you mind _____ his complaint?

- a) to look into b) to look at c) looking into d) looking for

29. If a celebrity _____ at the hotel, security arrangements _____.

- a) were staying/ would be tightened b) stayed/ would have been tightened
c) were staying/ would have been tightened d) stayed/ would be tightened

30. You _____ the police immediately if you _____ this man. He is suspected of murder.

- a) ought to call/ will see b) should call/ see c) must call/see d) have to call /will see

Part 2: Choose the correct option to complete the passage.

Legal fight hits music pirates

The global recording industry has launched its largest wave of legal (31)_____ against people suspected of sharing music files on the internet. The latest move by the International Federation of the Phonographic Industry (32)_____ 2,100 alleged uploaders (33)_____ peer-to-peer (p2p) networks in 16 nations including the UK, France, Germany and Italy. Thousands of people have agreed to pay compensation since the campaign began. In the US, civil lawsuits have been (34)_____ against more than 15,597 people since September 2003 and there have been 3,590 settlements. 'This is a significant (35)_____ of our enforcement actions against people who are uploading and distributing (36)_____ music on p2p networks,' said IFPI chief John Kennedy. 'Thousands of people - mostly internet-savvy men in their 20s or 30s - have learnt to their (37)_____ the legal and financial risks involved in file-sharing copyrighted music in large quantities.' Individual cases are generally brought by the national associations (38)_____ the recording industry, and in some cases by the labels, as civil complaints. The UK record industry has so far brought 97 cases, with a (39)_____ 65 covered by the latest action. More than 140,000 in compensation has been paid to the British Phonographic Industry by 71 individuals. Those who (40)_____ to resolve cases face civil court action.

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| 31 | A action | B activity | C acting | D acts |
| 32 | A aimed | B targeted | C directed | D pointed |
| 33 | A with | B having | C who | D using |
| 34 | A carried | B instigated | C brought | D active |
| 35 | A increasing | B feature | C result | D escalation |
| 36 | A copyrighted | B trademark | C registered | D illegal |
| 37 | A benefit | B charge | C cost | D fortune |
| 38 | A for | B working | C representing | D inside |
| 39 | A newly | B addition | C further | D extra |
| 40 | A intend | B wish | C don't | D fail |

Part 3: Translate the following text into Italian.

Simulators, e-gamers and robot-cars: the bold new horizons of motor sport

Many sports have faced new challenges and opportunities because of the extraordinary changes technological advances have wrought in the past two decades. But that is true of F1 perhaps more than most, the sport having stuck with a long outdated model that has increasingly failed to engage with a younger audience. If F1 and motor racing in general are to survive, doing so is crucial and it seems it is at the crossroads between the virtual world and the real that it is most likely to happen. Playing the role of seer in this game is tricky but one trend has been difficult to ignore – the rise of eSports. Several weeks ago [McLaren](#) announced their World's Fastest Gamer programme – an annual competition in which video gamers will compete to win a job as a simulator driver for the team. McLaren has made it clear that eSports will be part of the team's racing efforts in future.

ANSWERS

Parts 1 and 2

- | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1 B | 2 C | 3 D | 4 A | 5 B | 6 B | 7 B |
| 8 A | 9 A | 10 C | 11 A | 12 C | 13 D | 14 B |
| 15 D | 16 B | 17 C | 18 A | 19 B | 20 D | 21 C |
| 22 C | 23 A | 24 B | 25 C | 26 D | 27 A | 28 C |
| 29 A | 30 C | 31 A | 32 B | 33 D | 34 C | 35 D |
| 36 A | 37 C | 38 C | 39 C | 40 D | | |



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI UDINE

Corso di Laurea in Mediazione Linguistica - a.a. 2015-2016

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Part 1: Choose the most appropriate option to complete the sentences below.

1. When houses were made of wood and they had thatched roofs, a fire whole villages.
a) might destroy b) could destroy c) might have destroyed d) could have destroyed

2. All ... snakes are deaf and cannot hear ... sounds. Instead they detect vibrations fromground.
a) the/the/the b) ---/---/the c) the/---/the d) the/---/---

3. Are you sure you havewith you?.
a) enough money b) much money c) sufficient money d) money enough

4. We other merchandise until we everything we have in the warehouse.
a) won't order/will sell b) don't order/will sell c) won't order/sell d) don't order/sell

5. Whose bicycle is that? It be John's. He doesn't cycle to work.
a) shouldn't b) can't c) couldn't d) mustn't

6. John my husband's family he first moved to New York.
a) has been knowing/ since when b) is knowing/ since c) has known/ since d) knows/ since

16. Dan called last Tuesday and said he on a business trip the following day.

- a) is going b) will go c) was going d) was to go

17. I don't remember about the concert in the paper, but I about it on the radio.

- a) having read/did hear b) to read/heard c) reading/hear d) to reading/heard

18. The bridgewas built by the Romans.

- a) which we walk on b) we walk on c) we are walking on d) on that we are walking

19. If we to go to the wedding on Saturday , we..... your party.

- a) hadn't/ wouldn't miss b) wouldn't have/ wouldn't miss
c) didn't have / wouldn't miss d) didn't have/ won't miss

20. to upset her, he accepted to take her to the opera.

- a) He didn't want b) Not wanting c) Not to want d) For not wanting

21. I wish I..... so much at the party. The hang-over this morning is terrible!

- a) wouldn't drink b) hadn't drunk c) wouldn't have drunk d) hadn't drank

22 We took no notice of what was going on outside, the neighbours were making a lot of noise.

- a) although b) in spite c) however d) nevertheless

23. We had just arrived at the coast and Jerome suggestedto the beach.

- a) we go b) we had gone c) we went d) us to go

24. The planet Uranus was onlyin 1781.

- a) found b) found out c) known d) discovered

25. Every evening Mrs Kayethe stray cats of the neighbourhood.

- a) will feed b) would feed c) would have fed d) will have fed

26. I saw your car away by the tow truck.

- a) towed b) having been towed c) being towed d) be towed

27. Everybody was dancing.

- a) Also Cyril. b) Even Cyril. c) Cyril also. d) Cyril even.

28. They tickets; we could have given them ours.

- a) didn't need to buy b) needn't buy c) had needn't buy d) needn't have bought

29. My father wasn't well, so I preferred my trip.

- a) to put off b) putting off c) to put aside d) putting aside

30. How longa temperature when hea doctor?

- a) had he had/ had called b) had he had/ called c) did he have/ called d) did he have/ had called

Part 2: Choose the correct option to complete the passage.

Calling for a rethink

Is it time for Vodafone, the world's biggest mobile operator, to (31)..... its strategy? The idea is not new, but it has recently become the subject of much debate. Sir John Bond, a banker who will take over as Vodafone's chairman in July, has been contacting institutional shareholders, many of whom have (32) disquiet about the giant firm's direction. Since 2004, Vodafone's share price has underperformed in the London stock market, in (33) contrast to the shares of O2, a far smaller mobile operator.

Some investors have (34) for Vodafone to sell its 45% stake in Verizon Wireless, a big American mobile operator, which is worth around £25 billion. Yet the company continues to pursue its policy of acquisition to become a mobile-only operator with unrivalled global scale.

Vodafone has long (35) that its size provides huge economies of scale when buying handsets, network equipment and software. But while nearly all of Vodafone's regional operations use the same technology, there are two big (36): its American and Japanese units.

Verizon Wireless uses a different, incompatible wireless technology called CDMA, so there is little (37) for economies of scale. Nor can Vodafone, as the minority partner, (38) its brand in America. And Vodafone's attempt to use the same handsets worldwide was a spectacular failure in Japan, a unique market that is two or three years ahead of Europe in its (39) of mobile technology. Only when Vodafone (40) and launched a new range of Japan-specific handsets was it able to halt an exodus of subscribers.

32	A enunciated	B uttered	C shouted	D expressed
33	A marked	B high	C deep	D excessive
34	A requested	B called	C demanded	D claimed
35	A obliged	B forced	C encouraged	D insisted
36	A omissions	B rejections	C exceptions	D exclusions
37	A scope	B extent	C span	D range
38	A exercise	B achieve	C acquire	D exploit
39	A admission	B adoption	C adaptation	D agreement
40	A relented	B released	C related	D relied

Part 3: Translate the following text into Italian.

Why do polite men take off their hats?

The habit of taking off one's hat goes back to the Middle Ages, when knights used to wear armour and a helmet to protect themselves against enemy attack. Whenever knights ran into each other they lifted the front of their helmets as a sign of friendly disposition. If on the contrary they meant to fight, they would lower it. In the 17th and 18th centuries, taking off one's hat became a common gesture among people in the army. Officers would take off their headgear as a sign of deference towards their superiors, the Church and, of course, monarchs. As a consequence, this gesture came to be taken as a symbol of politeness by civilians as well. That's why polite men bare their heads when they go into a house or a public place.